SUBCHAPTER V-FOREIGN EXCESS PROPERTY

§§ 271 to 274. Transferred

CODIFICATION

Section 271, act June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title IV, § 401, 63 Stat. 397, which related to disposal of foreign excess property, was transferred to section 511 of former Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, and was repealed and reenacted as section 701(b)(1), (b)(2)(B), (c) of Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, by Pub. L. 107–217, §§1, 6(b), Aug. 21, 2002, 116 Stat. 1062,

Section 272, act June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title IV, § 402, 63 Stat. 398, which related to methods and terms of disposal, was transferred to section 512 of former Title 40. and was repealed and reenacted as sections 702 to 704 of Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, by Pub. L. 107–217, \S 1, 6(b), Aug. 21, 2002, 116 Stat. 1062, 1304.

Section 273, act June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title IV, § 403, 63 Stat. 398, which related to proceeds from disposals, was transferred to section 513 of former Title 40, and was repealed and reenacted as section 705 of Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, by Pub. L. 107-217, §§1, 6(b), Aug. 21, 2002, 116 Stat. 1062, 1304.

Section 274, act June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title IV, § 404, 63 Stat. 398, which related to general provisions, was transferred to section 514 of former Title 40, and was repealed and reenacted as section 701(a), (b)(1), (2)(A), (3), (4) of Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, by Pub. L. 107-217, §§1, 6(b), Aug. 21, 2002, 116 Stat. 1062, 1304.

SUBCHAPTER VI—FEDERAL RECORD MANAGEMENT

§§ 281 to 291. Transferred

CODIFICATION

Section 281, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §502; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to custody and control of property, was transferred to section 392 of former Title 44, Public Printing and Documents.

Section 282, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §503; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to National Historical Publications Commission, was transferred to section 393 of former Title 44.

Section 283, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §504; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to establishment of Federal Records Council, was transferred to section 394 of former Title 44.

Section 284, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §505; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to records management by Administrator, was transferred to section 395 of former Title 44.

Section 285, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §506; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to records management by agency heads, was transferred to section 396 of former Title 44.

Section 286, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §507; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to Archival administration, was transferred to section 397 of former Title 44.

Section 287, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §508; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to reports, was transferred to section 398 of former Title

Section 288, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §509; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to legal status of reproductions: official seal; fees for copies and reproductions, was transferred to section 399 of former Title 44.

Section 289, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §510; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to limitation on liability, was transferred to section 400 of former Title 44.

Section 290, acts June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title V, §511; Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, §6(d), 64 Stat. 583, which related to definitions, was transferred to section 401 of former Title 44.

Section 291, act Aug. 2, 1946, ch. 753, title I, §140, 60 Stat. 833, which related to transfer of records of Congress, was transferred to section 402 of former Title 44.

Sections 392 to 402 of former Title 44 are covered by chapter 21 ($\S 2101$ et seq.), chapter 25 ($\S 2501$ et seq.), chapter 27 (§ 2701 et seq.), chapter 29 (§ 2901 et seq.), and chapter 31 (§3101 et seq.) of Title 44, Public Printing and Documents.

CHAPTER 5—JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATIVE DECISIONS

Limitation on pleading contract provisions 321. relating to finality; standards of review. Contract provisions making decisions final on questions of law.

§ 321. Limitation on pleading contract provisions relating to finality; standards of review

No provision of any contract entered into by the United States, relating to the finality or conclusiveness of any decision of the head of any department or agency or his duly authorized representative or board in a dispute involving a question arising under such contract, shall be pleaded in any suit now filed or to be filed as limiting judicial review of any such decision to cases where fraud by such official or his said representative or board is alleged: Provided, however, That any such decision shall be final and conclusive unless the same is fradulent1 or capricious or arbitrary or so grossly erroneous as necessarily to imply bad faith, or is not supported by substantial evidence.

(May 11, 1954, ch. 199, §1, 68 Stat. 81.)

AGENCY ACTIONS GENERALLY, JUDICIAL REVIEW

Judicial review of agency actions generally, see section 701 et seq. of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees.

§ 322. Contract provisions making decisions final on questions of law

No Government contract shall contain a provision making final on a question of law the decision of any administrative official, representative, or board.

(May 11, 1954, ch. 199, §2, 68 Stat. 81.)

CHAPTER 6—SERVICE CONTRACT LABOR **STANDARDS**

Sec.

351. Required contract provisions; minimum wages.

352.Violations.

Law governing authority of Secretary.

354. List of violators; prohibition of contract award to firms appearing on list; actions to recover underpayments; payment of sums recovered.

Exclusion of fringe benefit payments in deter-355. mining overtime pay.

Exemptions.

357.Definitions.

358. Wage and fringe benefit determinations of Secretary.

¹So in original. Probably should be "fraudulent".

§ 351. Required contract provisions; minimum wages

(a) Every contract (and any bid specification therefor) entered into by the United States or the District of Columbia in excess of \$2,500, except as provided in section 356 of this title, whether negotiated or advertised, the principal purpose of which is to furnish services in the United States through the use of service employees, shall contain the following:

(1) A provision specifying the minimum monetary wages to be paid the various classes of service employees in the performance of the contract or any subcontract thereunder, as determined by the Secretary, or his authorized representative, in accordance with prevailing rates for such employees in the locality, or, where a collective-bargaining agreement covers any such service employees, in accordance with the rates for such employees provided for in such agreement, including prospective wage increases provided for in such agreement as a result of arm's length negotiations. In no case shall such wages be lower than the minimum specified in subsection (b) of this section.

(2) A provision specifying the fringe benefits to be furnished in the various classes of service employees, engaged in the performance of the contract or any subcontract thereunder, as determined by the Secretary or his authorized representative to be prevailing for such employees in the locality, or, where a collectivebargaining agreement covers any such service employees, to be provided for in such agreement, including prospective fringe benefits increases provided for in such agreement as a result of arm's-length negotiations. Such fringe benefits shall include medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing, unemployment benefits, life insurance, disability and sickness insurance, accident insurance, vacation and holiday pay, costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs and other bona fide fringe benefits not otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law to be provided by the contractor or subcontractor. The obligation under this subparagraph may be discharged by furnishing any equivalent combinations of fringe benefits or by making equivalent or differential payments in cash under rules and regulations established by the Secretary.

(3) A provision that no part of the services covered by this chapter will be performed in buildings or surroundings or under working conditions, provided by or under the control or supervision of the contractor or any subcontractor, which are unsanitary or hazardous or dangerous to the health or safety of service employees engaged to furnish the services.

(4) A provision that on the date a service employee commences work on a contract to which this chapter applies, the contractor or subcontractor will deliver to the employee a notice of the compensation required under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, on a form prepared by the Federal agency, or will post a notice of the required compensation in a prominent place at the worksite.

(5) A statement of the rates that would be paid by the Federal agency to the various classes of service employees if section 5341 or section 5332 of title 5 were applicable to them. The Secretary shall give due consideration to such rates in making the wage and fringe benefit determinations specified in this section.

(b)(1) No contractor who enters into any contract with the Federal Government the principal purpose of which is to furnish services through the use of service employees and no subcontractor thereunder shall pay any of his employees engaged in performing work on such contracts less than the minimum wage specified under section 206(a)(1) of title 29.

(2) The provisions of sections 352 to 354 of this title shall be applicable to violations of this subsection.

(Pub. L. 89–286, §2, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1034; Pub. L. 92–473, §§1, 2, Oct. 9, 1972, 86 Stat. 789; Pub. L. 94–489, §§1, 2, Oct. 13, 1976, 90 Stat. 2358.)

AMENDMENTS

1976—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 94-489, §1(a), struck out "as defined herein" after "use of service employees".

Subsec. (a)(5). Pub. L. 94-489, §2, inserted "or section 5332" after "section 5341".

Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 94-489, §1(b), struck out "as defined herein" after "use of service employees".

1972—Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 92–473, §1(a), provided for minimum monetary wages to be paid service employees where collective-bargaining agreement covers any such service employees in accordance with the rates for such employees provided for in such agreement, including prospective wage increases provided for in such agreement as a result of arm's-length negotiations.

Subsec. (a)(2). Pub. L. 92–473, §1(b), provided for fringe benefits to be furnished service employees where collective-bargaining agreement covers any such service employees, to be provided for in such agreement, including prospective fringe increases provided for in such agreement as a result of arm's-length negotiations.

Subsec. (a)(5). Pub. L. 92–473, §2. added par. (5).

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section 9 of Pub. L. 89–286 provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter] shall apply to all contracts entered into pursuant to negotiations concluded or invitations for bids issued on or after ninety days from the date of enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 1965]."

SHORT TITLE

Section 1 of Pub. L. 89–286 provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'Service Contract Act of 1965'."

§ 352. Violations

(a) Liability of responsible party; withholding payments due on contract; payment of underpaid employees from withheld payments

Any violation of any of the contract stipulations required by section 351(a)(1) or (2) or of section 351(b) of this title shall render the party responsible therefor liable for a sum equal to the amount of any deductions, rebates, refunds, or underpayment of compensation due to any employee engaged in the performance of such contract. So much of the accrued payment due on the contract or any other contract between the same contractor and the Federal Government may be withheld as is necessary to pay such employees. Such withheld sums shall be held in a deposit fund. On order of the Secretary, any

compensation which the head of the Federal agency or the Secretary has found to be due pursuant to this chapter shall be paid directly to the underpaid employees from any accrued payments withheld under this chapter.

(b) Enforcement of section

In accordance with regulations prescribed pursuant to section 353 of this title, the Federal agency head or the Secretary is hereby authorized to carry out the provisions of this section.

(c) Cancellation of contract; contracts for completion of original contract; liability of original contractor for additional cost

In addition, when a violation is found of any contract stipulation, the contract is subject upon written notice to cancellation by the contracting agency. Whereupon, the United States may enter into other contracts or arrangements for the completion of the original contract, charging any additional cost to the original contractor.

(Pub. L. 89–286, §3, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1035.)

§ 353. Law governing authority of Secretary

(a) Enforcement of chapter

Sections 38 and 39 of this title shall govern the Secretary's authority to enforce this chapter, make rules, regulations, issue orders, hold hearings, and make decisions based upon findings of fact, and take other appropriate action hereunder.

(b) Limitations and regulations allowing variations, tolerances, and exemptions

The Secretary may provide such reasonable limitations and may make such rules and regulations allowing reasonable variation, tolerances, and exemptions to and from any or all provisions of this chapter (other than section 358 of this title), but only in special circumstances where he determines that such limitation, variation, tolerance, or exemption is necessary and proper in the public interest or to avoid the serious impairment of government business, and is in accord with the remedial purpose of this chapter to protect prevailing labor standards.

(c) Predecessor contracts; employees' wages and fringe benefits

No contractor or subcontractor under a contract, which succeeds a contract subject to this chapter and under which substantially the same services are furnished, shall pay any service employee under such contract less than the wages and fringe benefits, including accrued wages and fringe benefits, and any prospective increases in wages and fringe benefits provided for in a collective-bargaining agreement as a result of arm's-length negotiations, to which such service employees would have been entitled if they were employed under the predecessor contract: Provided, That in any of the foregoing circumstances such obligations shall not apply if the Secretary finds after a hearing in accordance with regulations adopted by the Secretary that such wages and fringe benefits are substantially at variance with those which prevail for services of a character similar in the locality.

(d) Duration of contract

Subject to limitations in annual appropriation Acts but notwithstanding any other provision of

law, contracts to which this chapter applies may, if authorized by the Secretary, be for any term of years not exceeding five, if each such contract provides for the periodic adjustment of wages and fringe benefits pursuant to future determinations, issued in the manner prescribed in section 351 of this title no less often than once every two years during the term of the contract, covering the various classes of service employ-

(Pub. L. 89–286, §4, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1035; Pub. L. 92–473, §3, Oct. 9, 1972, 86 Stat. 789.)

AMENDMENTS

1972—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 92–473, §3(a), excluded section 358 of this title from being subject to Secretary's authority to provide limitations and to make regulations respecting application of provisions of this chapter, substituted "but only in special circumstances where he determines that such limitation, variation, tolerance, or exemption is necessary and proper" for "as he may find necessary and proper", and authorized administrative action in accord with the remedial purpose of this chapter to protect prevailing labor standards.

Subsecs. (c), (d). Pub. L. 92–473, $\S3(b)$, added subsecs. (c) and (d).

§ 354. List of violators; prohibition of contract award to firms appearing on list; actions to recover underpayments; payment of sums recovered

(a) The Comptroller General is directed to distribute a list to all agencies of the Government giving the names of persons or firms that the Federal agencies or the Secretary have found to have violated this chapter. Unless the Secretary otherwise recommends because of unusual circumstances, no contract of the United States shall be awarded to the persons or firms appearing on this list or to any firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which such persons or firms have a substantial interest until three years have elapsed from the date of publication of the list containing the name of such persons or firms. Where the Secretary does not otherwise recommend because of unusual circumstances, he shall, not later than ninety days after a hearing examiner has made a finding of a violation of this chapter, forward to the Comptroller General the name of the individual or firm found to have violated the provisions of this chapter.

(b) If the accrued payments withheld under the terms of the contract are insufficient to reimburse all service employees with respect to whom there has been a failure to pay the compensation required pursuant to this chapter, the United States may bring action against the contractor, subcontractor, or any sureties in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover the remaining amount of underpayments. Any sums thus recovered by the United States shall be held in the deposit fund and shall be paid, on order of the Secretary, directly to the underpaid employee or employees. Any sum not paid to an employee because of inability to do so within three years shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(Pub. L. 89–286, §5, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1035; Pub. L. 92–473, §4, Oct. 9, 1972, 86 Stat. 790.)

AMENDMENTS

1972—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 92-473 authorized award of contracts to violators because of unusual circumstances and required the Secretary to forward names of violators to Comptroller General within ninety days of hearing examiner's finding of a violation where the Secretary does not recommend awards because of unusual circumstances.

§ 355. Exclusion of fringe benefit payments in determining overtime pay

In determining any overtime pay to which such service employees are entitled under any Federal law, the regular or basic hourly rate of pay of such an employee shall not include any fringe benefit payments computed hereunder which are excluded from the regular rate under the Fair Labor Standards Act [29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.] by provisions of section 7(d) thereof [29 U.S.C. 207(d)].

(Pub. L. 89-286, §6, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1035.)

References in Text

The Fair Labor Standards Act, referred to in text, is act June 25, 1938, ch. 676, 52 Stat. 1060, as amended, known as the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, which is classified generally to chapter 8 (§201 et seq.) of Title 29, Labor. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 201 of Title 29 and Tables.

§ 356. Exemptions

This chapter shall not apply to-

- (1) any contract of the United States or District of Columbia for construction, alteration and/or repair, including painting and decorating of public buildings or public works;
- (2) any work required to be done in accordance with the provisions of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act [41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.]:
- (3) any contract for the carriage of freight or personnel by vessel, airplane, bus, truck, express, railway line or oil or gas pipeline where published tariff rates are in effect;
- (4) any contract for the furnishing of services by radio, telephone, telegraph, or cable companies, subject to the Communications Act of 1934 [47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.];
- (5) any contract for public utility services, including electric light and power, water, steam, and gas;
- (6) any employment contract providing for direct services to a Federal agency by an individual or individuals; and
- (7) any contract with the United States Postal Service, the principal purpose of which is the operation of postal contract stations.

(Pub. L. 89–286, §7, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1035; Pub. L. 91–375, §§ 4(a), 6(o), Aug. 12, 1970, 84 Stat. 773, 783.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, referred to in par. (2), probably means act June 30, 1936, ch. 881, 49 Stat. 2036, as amended, known as the Walsh-Healey Act, which is classified generally to sections 35 to 45 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note under section 35 of this title and Tables. See also section 262 of Title 29, Labor.

The Communications Act of 1934, as amended, referred to in par. (4), is act June 19, 1934, ch. 652, 48 Stat. 1064, as amended, which is classified principally to chapter 5 (§151 et seq.) of Title 47, Telegraphs, Tele-

phones, and Radiotelegraphs. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 609 of Title 47 and Tables.

CHANGE OF NAME

In par. (7), "United States Postal Service" substituted for "Post Office Department" pursuant to Pub. L. 91-375, §§4(a), 6(o), Aug. 12, 1970, 84 Stat. 773, 783, which are set out as notes preceding section 101 of Title 39, Postal Service, and under section 201 of Title 39, respectively, which abolished Post Office Department, transferred its functions to United States Postal Service, and provided that references in other laws to Post Office Department shall be considered a reference to United States Postal Service.

§ 357. Definitions

For the purposes of this chapter—

- (a) "Secretary" means Secretary of Labor.
- (b) The term "service employee" means any person engaged in the performance of a contract entered into by the United States and not exempted under section 356 of this title, whether negotiated or advertised, the principal purpose of which is to furnish services in the United States (other than any person employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, as those terms are defined in part 541 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, as of July 30, 1976, and any subsequent revision of those regulations); and shall include all such persons regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between a contractor or subcontractor and such persons.
- (c) The term "compensation" means any of the payments or fringe benefits described in section 351 of this title.
- (d) The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense shall include any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Outer Continental Shelf lands as defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, American Samoa, Guam, Wake Island, Eniwetok Atoll, Kwajalein Atoll, Johnston Island, and Canton Island, but shall not include any other territory under the jurisdiction of the United States or any United States base or possession within a foreign country.

(Pub. L. 89–286, §8, Oct. 22, 1965, 79 Stat. 1036; Pub. L. 93–57, §1, July 6, 1973, 87 Stat. 140; Pub. L. 94–489, §3, Oct. 13, 1976, 90 Stat. 2358.)

References in Text

The Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, referred to in subsec. (d), is act Aug. 7, 1953, ch. 345, 67 Stat. 462, as amended, which is classified generally to subchapter III (§1331 et seq.) of chapter 29 of Title 43, Public Lands. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1331 of Title 43 and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

1976—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 94–489 substituted provision defining service employees to include all employees, but excluding bona fide executive, administrative, and professional employees, for provision defining service employees as guards, watchmen, any person engaged in a recognized trade or craft, or in unskilled, semiskilled, or skilled manual labor occupations; and any other employee including a foreman or supervisor in a position having trade, craft, or laboring experience as the paramount requirement.

1973—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 93-57 defined "United States" to include Canton Island.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1973 AMENDMENT

Section 2 of Pub. L. 93-57 provided that: "The amendment made hereby [amending this section] shall be effective with respect to all contracts entered into at any time after the date of enactment [July 6, 1973].

§358. Wage and fringe benefit determinations of

It is the intent of the Congress that determinations of minimum monetary wages and fringe benefits for the various classes of service employees under the provisions of paragraphs (1)and (2) of section 3511 of this title should be made with respect to all contracts subject to this chapter, as soon as it is administratively feasible to do so. In any event, the Secretary shall make such determinations with respect to at least the following contracts subject to this chapter which are entered into during the applicable fiscal year:

- (1) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, all contracts under which more than twentyfive service employees are to be employed.
- (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, all contracts, under which more than twenty service employees are to be employed.
- (3) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, all contracts under which more than fifteen service employees are to be employed.
- (4) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, all contracts under which more than ten service employees are to be employed.
- (5) On or after July 1, 1976, all contracts under which more than five service employees are to be employed.

(Pub. L. 89-286, §10, as added Pub. L. 92-473, §5, Oct. 9, 1972, 86 Stat. 790; amended Pub. L. 94-273, §29, Apr. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 380.)

AMENDMENTS

1976—Par. (5). Pub. L. 94-273 substituted "On or after July 1, 1976" for "For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1977, and for each fiscal year thereafter"

CHAPTER 7—OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY

Sec.	
401, 402.	Repealed.
403.	Definitions.
404.	Establishment of Office of Federal Procure-
	ment Policy; appointment of Administrator.
405.	Authority and functions of the Adminis-
	trator.
405a.	Uniform Federal procurement regulations
	and procedures.
405b.	Conflict of interest standards for individuals
	providing consulting services.
406.	Administrative powers.
407.	Repealed.
408.	Applicability of existing laws.
409.	Repealed.
410.	Authorization of appropriations.
411.	Delegation of authority by Administrator.
412.	Comptroller General's access to information
	from Administrator; rule making proce-
	dure.
413.	Tests of innovative procurement methods and
409. 410. 411. 412.	Repealed. Authorization of appropriations. Delegation of authority by Administrator. Comptroller General's access to information from Administrator; rule making procedure.

¹So in original. Probably should be section "351(a)".

procedures.

414.	Chief Acquisition Officers and senior procure-
	ment executives.

414a Personnel evaluation.

Chief Acquisition Officers Council. 414b.

415 Repealed.

Procurement notice. 416. Record requirements. 417.

Procurement data. 417a. 418. Advocates for competition.

418a Rights in technical data.

418b. Publication of proposed regulations.

419. Contracting functions performed by Federal

Repealed. 420.

422

428.

421. Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council.

Cost Accounting Standards Board.

423. Restrictions on disclosing and obtaining contractor bid or proposal information or source selection information.

424 Repealed.

425.

Contract clauses and certifications. Use of electronic commerce in Federal pro-426. curement.

426a. Repealed.

427. Simplified acquisition procedures.

Procedures applicable to purchases below micro-purchase threshold.

428a Special emergency procurement authority. List of laws inapplicable to contracts not 429. greater than simplified acquisition threshold in Federal Acquisition Regulation.

430. List of laws inapplicable to procurements of commercial items in Federal Acquisition Regulation.

431. Commercially available off-the-shelf item acquisitions: lists of inapplicable laws in Federal Acquisition Regulation.

431a. Inflation adjustment of acquisition-related dollar thresholds.

432 Value engineering.

433. Acquisition workforce.

434. Modular contracting for information technology

435. Levels of compensation of certain contractor personnel not allowable as costs under certain contracts.

436. Protection of constitutional rights of contractors.

437 Incentives for efficient performance of services contracts.

Civilian Board of Contract Appeals. 438

§§ 401, 402. Repealed. Pub. L. 104-106, div. D, title XLIII, § 4305(a)(2), Feb. 10, 1996, 110 Stat. 665

Section 401, Pub. L. 93-400, §2, Aug. 30, 1974, 88 Stat. 796; Pub. L. 96–83, §2, Oct. 10, 1979, 93 Stat. 648; Pub. L. 98-191, §3, Dec. 1, 1983, 97 Stat. 1325; Pub. L. 100-679, §2(a), Nov. 17, 1988, 102 Stat. 4055; Pub. L. 103-355, title I, §1091(a), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3272, stated policy of United States Government relating to procurement of property and services.

Section 402, Pub. L. 93-400, §3, Aug. 30, 1974, 88 Stat. 796; Pub. L. 100-679, §2(b), Nov. 17, 1988, 102 Stat. 4055, stated findings of Congress and purpose of this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

For effective date and applicability of repeal, see section 4401 of Pub. L. 104-106, set out as an Effective Date of 1996 Amendment note under section 251 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1979 AMENDMENT

Section 12 of Pub. L. 96-83 provided that: "Except to the extent otherwise provided therein, the amendments made by this Act [see Short Title of 1979 Amendment note below] shall take effect on October 1, 1979."

SHORT TITLE OF 2003 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 108–136, div. A, title XIV, \$1401, Nov. 24, 2003, 117 Stat. 1663, provided that: "This title [enacting sec-